

Things to know for the second Ichthyology lecture exam

The second exam will cover lecture material from 5 October through 2 November lectures and readings.

- 1) Diversity
 - a. Know key features that distinguish Elasmobranchii, Holocephali, Elopomorpha, Osteoglossomorpha, Clupeomorpha, Ostariophysi, Otophysi, and Protacanthopterygii from other fishes
 - b. Be able to describe the form and function of leptocephalus larvae
 - c. Be familiar with the key features (whether they evolved in that group or not) of the fishes and families I **highlighted** in class (I do not expect you to know every family or species, except those where I highlighted a special feature or behavior)
 - d. Understand general trends and patterns in sharks (e.g., life history, senses, top predators, reproduction)
- 2) Physiology: buoyancy and thermoregulation
 - a. How do swim bladders work? What other adaptations are there for buoyancy?
 - b. Know the anatomy and function of swim bladders
 - c. Know the terms “root off,” “root on,” and salting-out
 - d. How do fish thermoregulate? (And why?)
- 3) Ion balance
 - a. Be able to define/explain hyposmotic versus hyperosmotic versus isosmotic
 - b. Understand ion movement for fish (what is actively transported vs. diffused)
 - c. Know the general differences in physiology between fresh and saltwater fish, osmoconformers, and sharks in terms of hydromineral balance
 - d. Understand environmental effects on ion balance and feedbacks with respiration
- 4) Digestive system
 - a. Know the digestive organs and functions from the mouth to the anus
 - b. Review the special feeding adaptations we covered in class
 - c. Know how different fish with different diets differ internally (e.g., stomach, intestines) and externally (e.g., mouth, dentition, body shape, swimming)
- 5) Senses
 - a. Understand what organs and their parts are involved in:
 - i. Mechanoreception (ears, lateral line, Weberian Ossicles, gas bladder)
 - ii. Vision (eyes, their parts, and properties of light in water)
 - iii. Chemoreception (nares and taste buds)
 - iv. Electroreception and magnetoreception (including classes of electric fish)
 - v. Keep in mind that some sensory organs are used for multiple “senses” and multiple purposes
 - b. Know when each type of sense might be advantageous and some of the more unusual instances of each that we covered in class (e.g., four eyed fish, electric fish)
- 6) Migration and schooling
 - a. Be able to define terms used to describe migrations based on pattern and frequency
 - b. Know how and why fish shoal and school
 - c. Understand techniques and effects of shoaling and schooling for predators and prey
- 7) As always, know the special uses of mucus, uses of counter current exchange, and form and function from the examples we covered during these lectures and earlier in the class